











# Federal Affordable Housing Policy

Olivia Barrow February 6, 2019



## **Federal Landscape**

- The government is funded through February 15
  - Shutdown 2.0?
- FY 2020 Appropriations:
  - President's FY 2020 Budget request delayed
  - Budget Caps present serious threats for affordable housing funding
- Divided government



## **Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Advocacy**

- Housing Credit advocacy in 2018:
  - The Affordable Housing Credit Improvement Act had the <u>support of more than 40% of Congress</u>
  - Enacted the first expansion of the Housing Credit in a decade – temporary 12.5% increase for four years
  - Enacted the new option for income averaging



## Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Advocacy

- Housing Credit advocacy in 2019
  - Identify new lead sponsors in the House and Senate
  - Re-introduce the Affordable Housing Credit Improvement Act
  - Build on last year's strong bipartisan support

www.rentalhousingaction.org



www.rentalhousingaction.org



## **Opportunity Zones**

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 created Opportunity Zones

– a tax benefit designed to incent long-term equity
investments in businesses and real property located in
designated underserved communities.

#### Terms:

- Opportunity Zones the tax benefit (not a program)
- Qualified Opportunity Zone designated census tract
- Qualified Opportunity Fund investment vehicle
- Qualified Opportunity Zone Property stock, partnership interest, business property



#### **Tax Benefits for Investors**



Temporary Deferral

A temporary deferral of taxes on capital gains if the gains are reinvested into an Opportunity Fund. The deferred gain must be recognized on the earlier of the date on which the opportunity zone investment is disposed or December 31, 2026.

Source: Economic Innovation Group



Step-Up In Basis

A step-up in basis for capital gains reinvested in an Opportunity Fund.

The basis is increased by 10% if the investment in the Opportunity Fund is held by the taxpayer for at least 5 years and by an additional 5% if held for at least 7 years, thereby excluding up to 15% of the original gain from taxation.



Permanent Exclusion

A permanent exclusion from taxable income of capital gains from the sale or exchange of an investment in an Opportunity Fund if the investment is held for at least 10 years. This exclusion only applies to gains accrued after an investment in an Opportunity Fund.



## **Investment Example**

- 10 Year Scenario \$800,000 invested in 2019
- Sell property/stock with a tax basis of \$200,000 for \$1 million, \$800,000 of capital gain can be deferred if reinvested in an Opportunity Fund.
  - 2019 (Day 1): immediate deferral of eligible investment
  - 2024 (Year 5): 10% of deferred gain permanently eliminated
    - \$720,000 of deferred gain is taxable at exit or 12/31/2026
  - 2026 (Year 7): 15% of deferred gain permanently eliminated
    - \$680,000 of deferred gain is taxable at exit or 12/31/2026
  - **2029** (Year 10): Appreciation of investment is fully tax-exempt
    - Sold interest in fund after 10 years; no gain taxed after 2026.



## **Implementation**

- **©Opportunity Zone Nominations:** 
  - Approved in 50 states, 5 territories, Washington, D.C.
- **©Guidance on Opportunity Funds:** 
  - ©IRS published FAQS (April and June 2018)
- **@Implementation of Law:** Q4 2018 Q2 2019
  - ©First proposed rule issued in October
  - Public hearing on February 14
  - Second proposed rule expected in the "near future"
- **®State and Local Efforts:** Ongoing
  - © Convenings, community engagement and investor engagement, identifying projects, aligning capital with other incentives
- ©Creation of / Investment in Opportunity Funds: Ongoing



## Contact

obarrow@enterprisecommunity.org



@oliviajbarrow@E\_HousingPolicy

